

PUBLIC NOTICE

This notice will be construed as a continuation of compliance with provisions necessary to establish presumed fact (Rule 301, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and attending State rules). All interested parties have failed to rebut any given allegation or matter of law addressed herein. The position will be construed as adequate to requirements of judicial notice, thus preserving fundamental law. A true and correct copy of this Public Notice is on file with and available for inspection at the newspaper CONTACT which is responsible for publishing the instrument as a legal notice.

September 9, 1996 the Officers and Directors of the Assignee of 50% of the value of PERUVIAN BONUS CERTIFICATE 3392-181 reached an agreement with certain officers of the U.S. Treasury, among whom were Russell Munk and Lawrence Summers (the current Secretary of the Treasury). When those officers refused to sign the agreement, pleading that to do so would not only jeopardize the U.S. Treasury but also the Federal Reserve System, the Assignee converted the agreement to a Public Notice and published it. No objection or rebuttal was ever received from Treasury, or from the FED.

The fourth paragraph of that Agreement/Public Notice reads as follows: *"As a consideration of National Security (as well as Global Security), transactions WITHIN these guidelines will not be interfered with or blocked by the U.S. or its assigns. The consideration for such noninterference is that none of the contracts will be lodged for collection until such time as there is an additional agreement as to the lodging and honoring, through payoff, of the contracts."*

This Public Notice, however, presents the knowledge of ongoing interference from our counterparts to the agreements and the breaking of each and all of those said agreements to varying degrees of diversion tactics of manipulation, delays and actual stone-wall operations. We acknowledge, however, that we find no outright DENIALS of said program or document value, only delays and refusal to provide information regarding same. We have also noted the utilization of such organizations as the World Bank and IMF to effect the rejection of the use of the collateral through intimidation and bribes of central bank personnel. It is our position, therefore, that we are no longer bound by those agreements as published September 9, 1996.

Because they are sensible, however, two of the requirements will continue to be met: the first being the limit of \$5 Trillion per year (beginning in 1996 and thus aggregating \$30 Trillion by January 1, 2001) (this restriction will not apply, however, to project funding within the U.S.A.), and the second being the prohibition of any use of "high yield" or "rollover" trading programs, which we believe are being used to grossly inflate the supply of U.S. dollars in an effort to destabilize the financial system of the U.S.A., and thus the world.

We offer this Public Notice as a status report to the current U.S. Administration, and to the parties who will be moving into the U.S. Government Administration, and to other involved persons in charge of governmental affairs in January 2001. While we realize that most involved persons are very cognizant of current conditions, it is proper that we make an effort to consolidate the record for the sake of accuracy and brevity.

The asset, which is the debt of the U.S. Treasury, guaranteed by the FED, and payable in gold, as valued and established by Messieurs Bush, Herman, Baker, Bentsen and Greenspan, was assigned to Global Alliance Investment Association (GAIA) April 28, 1998. The Uniform Commercial Code procedure for confirmation of the debt was undertaken and the proper notices to all potential interested parties given, and their receipts noted and published. There was no opposition of any kind made to the procedure, which became final and incontestable as of February 16, 1999. (The signatures at the end of this document shall be construed as a Certificate of Non-Response to the UCC notices.) Researchers have been able to easily establish that the original bearer bond, 3392-181, was reconfirmed, then reconformed and reissued as a jurat/contract of identifiable ownership to Cosmos Seafood Energy Marketing Ltd., a corporation set up by its owner and Chairman, Russell Herman. It may be helpful to researchers to know that the owners, officers and directors of Cosmos

are the same as those of GAIA, obviating the need for concern as to the legitimacy of those transfers from Cosmos to GAIA. The asset has been affirmed, albeit by default, as the property of GAIA and is available for use.

To facilitate the distribution of the asset to deserving end-users, it has been determined, upon advice of counsel, to issue portions of the accrued interest in the form of DEEDs OF ASSIGNMENT FOR CONSIDERATION. Such DEEDs are specifically designed to be banking reserves and, for ease of bankers' understanding, are to be treated exactly as is other U.S. Treasury debt, since such debt is widely used as reserves by banks everywhere.


GAIA has issued some 1,200 DEEDs, worldwide, with a total value of several trillion U.S. dollars. Honoring our agreement, none (to our knowledge) have been issued to U.S. entities. That can be changed; GAIA would be willing and able to support such a program in the U.S., given the cooperation of the U.S. Such a program would offer ability for the U.S. to reclaim gold which has been moved out of the country and upon which the value of the dollar can have established and authentic VALUE affixed. As it is, allowing derivative-based, so-called "high yield" trading programs is creating dollars in ever-increasing and uncontrollable amounts. If Alan Greenspan has any claim to managing the "prosperity" of the U.S., it is only that he has held the regulators at bay and prevented them from controlling, or eliminating, the proliferation of derivatives. It is the rapidly expanding money supply that makes such prosperity possible, but without basis it must one day implode. The use of the GAIA asset and the return to a gold standard for the currency would prevent such a catastrophe if implemented in time.

As its name implies, Global Alliance Investment Association intends to become an Association of Allied nations willing to Invest their time and resources, Globally, to achieve financial stability and complete sovereignty. In 1945 the Bretton Woods Agreement established the World Bank and IMF with, ostensibly, similar intentions. Unfortunately, those noble goals have been perverted and the institutions have become instruments of control and collection for the major international banks. While GAIA has no desire to "compete" with the IMF/WB, because it has become so clear that their former beneficiaries became debtors and are now victims to be bled dry, GAIA will have to defend itself from being denigrated for its preference for non-usurious "Islamic-type" banking, or for its recommendation of basing currencies upon gold so that inflation is eliminated and interest rates can be brought to 2-4% as they were in the 1800s and, in the U.S., until the 1940s. High interest rates kill business, put home ownership out of the reach of the masses, and enrich only the already rich.

GAIA intends to offer its collateral as the basis for the creation of many regional "monetary funds" to be maintained under local control, although the overall GAIA program will soon obviate the need for such funds, once the nations taste and feel sovereignty. Such regional funds could be used to free nations from the IMF/WB debt trap by "purchasing" the debt. However, by far the majority of GAIA DEEDs will be issued to all sorts of entities that need additional collateral to enable them to finance peaceful, beneficial projects.

Because the debt to GAIA is payable in gold, and the GAIA program requires that at least 50% of the value of the DEEDs issued be used to purchase gold, and that gold held in the funding bank for the Alliance, the effect is to create substantial reserves that can be drawn upon in emergencies, especially natural disasters. The money would be immediately available, not like the current situation wherein organizations like the UN must beg for the funds.

This Public Notice presents the facts to the best of our information and we present it under penalty of perjury. Signed for the Corporation this 11th day of November 2000 at Manila, Republic of the Philippines.



E.J. EKKER, President & Director



DORIS J. EKKER, Secretary & Director